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DESCRIPTION

CARD HOLDING STRUCTURE AND
PORTABLE TERMINAL APPARATUS HAVING THE SAME

[Technical Field]

5 The present invention relates to a portable terminal apparatus such as a portable telephone, and more particularly to a structure for holding an identification card.

[Background Art]

10 Conventionally, as a structure for holding a subscriber identification module (SIM) card, which is an identification card for a portable telephone, one shown in Fig. 8 is known.

 It should be noted that, in the description that follows, the direction in which the identification card is loaded is assumed to be the forward direction. In Fig. 8, a card-fitting recessed portion 42 is provided in the inner surface of a housing 41 of
15 a portable telephone. In addition, a card connector 43 is disposed. The card connector 43 has two rows of contact portions 44 and 45 at forward and rearward positions, and has a pair of holding portions 46 respectively disposed at
20 substantially intermediate positions between the two rows so as to hold an identification card (hereafter referred to as the card) 51 from left- and right-hand sides. The holding portions 46 are formed by bending a metal plate, and their one ends are respectively fixed to left- and right-hand end portions of the
25 card connector 43. By virtue of their resiliency, the holding portions 46 hold the fitted card 51.

 In the above-described construction, when the card 51 is loaded, a front end of the card 51 is adjusted to the position of the rear ends of the holding portions 46, is passed below

virtue of this construction, the card can be held reliably, and the amount of the card slid can be reduced.

In addition, the card holding structure is characterized in that the card fitting portion is recessed in an inner surface of the housing, and that a housing-side stopper is provided which is formed by a rectangular resilient piece having one end fixed to a bottom surface of the card fitting portion. By virtue of this construction, the card can be removed without deflecting it.

10 [Brief Description of Drawings]

Fig. 1 is a diagram for explaining a portable telephone in accordance with an embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 2 is an enlarged view of an essential portion shown in Fig. 1;

15 Fig. 3 is an enlarged cross-sectional view of a state in which a cover-cum-battery is fixed;

Fig. 4 is a perspective view taken from the reverse surface side in Fig. 3;

Fig. 5 is a plan view illustrating a state in which the fitting of the card is started;

20 Fig. 6 is a plan view illustrating a state in which the fitting of the card has been completed;

Fig. 7 is a cross-sectional view illustrating a state in which the fitting of the card has been completed; and

25 Fig. 8 is a diagram for explaining a conventional structure for holding an identification card.

[Best Mode for Carrying Out the Present Invention]

Hereafter, a description will be given of an embodiment of the invention.

30 Fig. 1 is a diagram for explaining a portable telephone

cross section formed in the base in correspondence with the contact portion 12. Then, the contact member 10 advances straight in parallel with the through hole 17, and its direction is reversed after the contact member 10 has gone beyond the
 5 through hole 17, and the contact member 10 is exposed from a rear-side wall surface of the through hole 17. Further, the contact member 10 is bent upward in the through hole 17, becomes higher than the obverse surface (upper surface) of the base and forms a peak, and the contact member 10 is subsequently bent
 10 downward to its terminating end. In other words, the contact portion 12 is also bent in a chevron shape and has a terminating end in the card fitting direction.

The pair of holding portions 13 are respectively attached to both side portions of a widened portion of the base.
 15 The holding portions 13 are formed by bending a metal plate, and their one ends are respectively fixed to the side portions of the widened portion. By virtue of their resiliency, the holding portions 13 hold both sides of the front end portion of the fitted card.

20 The housing-side stopper 7 is formed by a substantially rectangular resilient piece, its rear end 7b is fixed to the bottom surface of the card-fitting recessed portion 3, and the housing-side stopper 7 extends slightly diagonally upward from the rear end 7b toward its front end 7c. A cutout 7a is formed
 25 around the housing-side stopper 7 excluding its rear end. The housing-side stopper 7 is preferably molded integrally with the bottom surface of the card-fitting recessed portion 3.

A battery-side stopper 21 and a pressure contact portion 22 are provided on the reverse surface (lower side in
 30 Fig. 3) of a cover-cum-battery 8. As shown in Fig. 4, the battery-side stopper 21 has a substantially square planar shape,

located forwardly of the front end 7c of the housing-side stopper 7, so that the housing-side stopper 7 is deflected upward around its rear end 7b as a center due to its resiliency.

Accordingly, both sides of the front portion of the card 31
5 are held by the holding portions 13, with the result that a satisfactory state of contact between the contact portions 12 of the card connector 6 and the contact portions (not shown) of the card 31 is maintained. In addition, the card 31 is prevented from coming off in the rearward direction by the
10 housing-side stopper 7. Further, as the cover-cum-battery 8 is fixed in this state, the card 31 is pressed at a position above the contact portions 11 by the pressure contact portion 22, thereby maintaining a satisfactory state of contact between the contact portions 11 and the contact portions (not shown)
15 of the card 31. In addition, the battery-side stopper 21 also prevents the card 31 from coming off in the rearward direction.

On the other hand, when the card 31 is removed, after the housing-side stopper 7 is pressed downward and deflected until it becomes horizontal, the card 31 is slid in the rearward
20 direction. When the card 31 returns to the position shown in Fig. 5, the rear portion of the card 31 is lifted up from the bottom surface of the card-fitting recessed portion 3 due to the resiliency of the housing-side stopper 7, so that the card 31 can be removed easily.

25 Thus, in this embodiment, since the holding portions 13 are disposed at the front portion of the card connector, as compared with the conventional example in which the holding portions are disposed in the central portion of the card connector, the amount of the card slid becomes short, so that
30 the card fitting portion can be made compact. Further, the decline in the holding force with respect to the rear portion

of the card due to the disposition of the holding portions in the front portion is overcome by the provision of the pressure contact portion 22. In addition, as the stopper 7 formed by a resilient piece having one end fixed to the bottom surface of the card-fitting recessed portion 3 is provided, it becomes possible to remove the card without deflecting it.

It should be noted that the invention is not limited to the above-described embodiment and, for example, modifications such as those shown in (1) and (2) below are possible.

(1) The housing-side stopper 7 is disposed in a state in which the housing-side stopper 7 in terms of its orientation is rotated 90 degrees clockwise or counterclockwise. This makes it possible to avoid a situation in which the rear end 31b of the card 31 is erroneously made to creep below the housing-side stopper 7 at the time of removal of the card 31.

(2) Since a cutout 31c is formed at a corner of the card 31, if an arrangement is provided such that, for example, the cover-side stopper is disposed in a region 23 surrounded by the broken line in Fig. 6 in such a manner as to oppose the cutout 31c, it is possible to avoid a situation in which the card 31 is erroneously loaded by making a mistake with respect to the front and rear sides or the obverse or reverse sides of the card 31.

[Industrial Applicability]

As described above, the front portion of the card is held by a pair of card holding portions provided in a front portion, as viewed in a card sliding direction, of the card connector, and the rear portion of the card is held by an inner wall surface of the cover of the housing of the portable terminal apparatus. Accordingly, there are provided a card holding

structure having an outstanding advantage in that the card can be held reliably and the card fitting portion can be made compact, as well as a portable terminal apparatus having the same.

In addition, the arrangement provided is such that the
 5 card fitting portion is recessed in an inner surface of the housing of the portable terminal apparatus, and a housing-side stopper is provided which is formed by a rectangular resilient piece having one end fixed to the bottom surface of the card fitting portion. Accordingly, there are provided a card
 10 holding structure having an outstanding advantage in that the card can be removed without deflecting it, as well as a portable terminal apparatus having the same.

While only certain embodiments of the invention have been specifically described herein, it will be apparent that
 15 numerous modifications may be made thereto without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.